WORKMILL

· [ワークミル] Forbes JAPAN

ワークミルは、「はたらく」を考えるビジネス誌です。組織内で変革を起こしたい人に、経営戦略の視点から新たな価値を生み出す「働き方」や「働く場」の情報を発信します。



POINT OF VIEW (III) アメリカの現状

ウェルビーイングが ニューエコノミーを 動かす

近年アメリカでは慢性的な疾患や、 精神的ストレスの急増、情報過多に伴う 疲労により、労働者が仕事に 集中できない状態が問題視されている。 ワークプレイスの新しい 評価システムを使った最先端のアメリカの 取り組みを紹介する。

text by Young S. Lee

illustration by Bernd Schifferdecker translation by acima, Ichiro Yoshida ヤング・S・リー = 文 ベルンド・シッファカーデッカー = イラスト アシーマ、吉田一郎 = 翻訳



ヤング・S・リー©Innovative Workplace Instituteディレクター 韓国・延世大学にて学士取得後、中央大学工科大学建築学 部にて工学修士取得、オレゴン大School of Architecture and Allied ArtにてMaster of Interior Architecture取得。ミネソタブ College of DesignにてDoctor of Philosophy取得。スキッドラ ア・オーウィングズ・アンド・メリルでのプロジェクトマネ ジャー、ミシガン大リサーチ・プロフェッサーなどを経て現職。

米国におけるワークプレイスの トレンドとウェルビーイング

2015年のギャラップ調査によれば、アメ リカの従業員の3分の2近くは、仕事に集 中できていません。病気や個人的な理由で 欠勤をするアブセンティズムや、仕事に来 てもモチベーションが上がらず、興味の欠 如や病気、ストレスのために生産的でない プレゼンティズムが高まっているのです。

米国疾病予防管理センターの調査によ れば、アメリカの企業はアブセンティズムの ために、年間2,258億ドルを失っています。 プレゼンティズムのコストを加えれば、全体 の財務的損失は軽く3倍になるという研究 もあります。多大な財務的損失を引き起こ し、健全な組織文化を損なっているのです。

こうした懸念が高まるにつれ、従業員の 健康とウェルビーイングを、ワークプレイス の設計を通じて支援することの大切さが強 調されつつあります。実証的なデータの蓄 積により、企業側も良好なワークプレイス 環境のための投資とリターンを、より全体 的な視点から検討し始めているのです。

ワークプレイスデザインとマネジメント にウェルビーイングを統合する

実際にはワークプレイス改善プログラム の成果ははかばかしくなく、身体的な健康 に十分焦点があてられていません。ワーク プレイスデザインやマネジメントの改革など、 より包括的なアプローチの必要性が高まっ ています。

CAPTIW©は、ウェルビーイングの実現 による業績改善を目指す企業のために、オ ープン・ソースのフレームワークと分析プ ラットフォームを提供する包括的な分析ツ ールです。身体的な活動と運動、認識的、 社会的、そして情緒的ウェルビーイング、 身体に無害で清潔な環境、身体的な快適 さの6つの指標を使い、ワークプレイスパフ ォーマンスを測定します。

またこれらの指標は、空間のタイプ、空 間と家具の配置、空間サイズと設備などへ のアクセス、神経および心理的刺激とリラ クセーション、家具のエルゴノミクスとテク ノロジー、周辺環境、健康度の7つの要素 に分類することができます。

有力企業が注目する ワークプレイスデザインにおける ウェルビーイングの可能性

リーディングカンパニーと呼ばれるような 業績の高い企業は、低い企業に比べて、ウ ェルビーイングにおける顕著な特徴があるこ とが分かっています。特に、認識的ウェル ビーイング、社会的ウェルビーイング、身 体的な快適さにおいて格段に優れています。

これらの企業は、協働スペースやインフ ォーマルなミーティングスペースを統合する ことで業務プロセスの効率化や交流を図っ たり、柔軟な空間配置によって規模の異な る活動のチームの受け入れを可能にしたり、 視覚的な刺激をもたらす仕掛けを通じて、

ワークプレイスにおけるウェルビーイングの効用 より高い 生産性の改善 生産性 医療コスト削減 アブセンティズムの減少 財務負担 参加意識とモラルの向上 プレゼンティズムの減少 組織文化 定着率のト昇 欠勤者補完のための超過勤務減少 健康的な 職場のメリット 外部イメージの向上 企業イメージ 健康および 個人の健康の改善 人材確保の改善 安全性の改善個人の安全性の改善 出典: Innovative Workplace Institut

知覚を刺激する環境をつくり出すことなどで 認知的ウェルビーイングを実現しています。 注意深く設計された空間配置や、従業員 同士を結びつけるハイテク・コミュニケーシ ョンツールを採用して、社会的ウェルビー イングも促進しています。

また、ワークプレイスの主な移動経路に 沿って部署の中心人物を配置することで他 の従業員とコミュニケーションをしやすくし たり、従業員の交流スペースへの動線を引 くことで序列の少ない雰囲気をつくりあげ、 従業員の積極的な参加を促したりなど、「つ ながり」を重視した設計を取り入れています。

環境の快適さにも特別に注意を払ってい ます。身体的な快適さの向上のために、人 間工学に則った家具を採用し、選択と評価 に従業員を関与させています。またオープ ンオフィスでは音響性能を向上させ、最も 快適な照明や室温を保てるようユーザー自 身がコントロールできるようにしています。

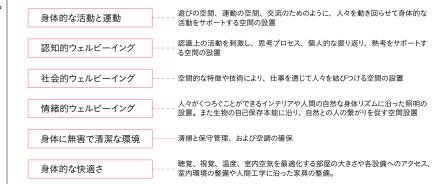
ウェルビーイングは、組織文化を高め最 終的に財務的なリターンをもたらす、ニュ ーエコノミー推進の鍵です。では、予算が 限られている企業は、どこから手をつけれ ばより大きな成果を得られるのでしょうか。

私はスペースの選択、協働およびリフレ ッシュスペースの改善の3点からはじめるこ とをお勧めします。スペースの選択のために は、異なる仕事のモードとワークスタイルの ために、多様なスペースを提供することで す。従業員の特性には個人差があり、騒が しいオープンスペースでの作業が気になら ない人もいれば、ひとりで籠って作業できる 空間が必要な人もいます。

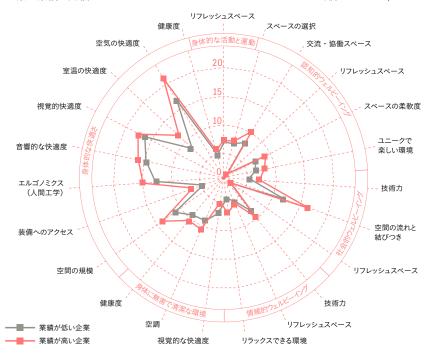
第二に、従業員が交流と協働のためのス ペースをあらゆる場所に提供することです。 交流と協働は仲間や信頼を生み、一体感 を出すために不可欠ですが、いつも同じ場 所で起きるとは限らないからです。

第三に、リフレッシュスペースの設置です。 現代人は情報過多になりがちです。脳が認 識して処理できる何千倍もの情報を刻々と 受け取ることで、精神疲労と燃え尽きが起 | す。自然が周りにあることで従業員の注意 | がつくり出すのです。 💿

CAPTIW®におけるウェルビーイングの6つの指標とアプローチ方法 出典: Innovative Workplace Institute



企業の業績で比較したワークプレイスのウェルビーイングのスコア 出典: Innovative Workplace Institute



業績が高い企業は、ウェルビーイングのスコアが高く、特に、「認識的ウェルビーイング」「社会的ウェルビ ーイング」「身体的な快適さ」が優れている

きてしまいます。思考、瞑想、休憩、遊び、| 力の回復や、ストレス軽減、認識能力や持 溜まり場、仮眠など、目的を何にするにせよ、 リフレッシュスペースは不可欠です。

企業は、従業員にとっての健康の重要 性を理解する必要があります。ワークプレ イスのウェルビーイングを実現する空間づく りには、生物の自己保存本能と24時間周 期の身体のリズムに考慮することが大切で

久力の向上、社会的な能力が改善すること は多くの研究が示しています。生産性や健 康が改善をもたらし、財務上の利益を生む ことを示唆する新しい研究結果もあります。 ウェルビーイングの実現はニューエコノミー の恩恵をもたらし、そのような環境は、従 業員が元気になれるようなワークプレイス

26 WORK MILL ISSUE 00 WORK MILL ISSUE 00 27 ORIGINAL ARTICLE IN ENGLISH

ORIGINAL ARTICLE IN ENGLISH

POINT OF VIEW (

Wellbeing Drives the New Economy

YOUNG S. LEE, Ph.D. LEED AP, CIDQ Innovative Workplace Institute, USA

Workplace Trends and Wellbeing Issues in the US

Numerous reports have recently highlighted worsening epidemic chronic diseases, soaring mental stress and emotional duress, and cognitive overload and fatigue in the workplace of the US. Overall, many people at work are experiencing a declining sense of wellbeing. In the meantime, they are disengaged from work. According to the Gallup survey in 2015¹, nearly 2/3 of employees in the US are disengaged and exhibit higher absenteeism and presenteeism. Both absenteeism, not coming to work due to sickness or personal reasons, and presenteeism, coming to work but not being productive due to low motivation, lack of interest, illness, or stress, cause a significant amount of financial loss to a business and create damages to the healthy organizational culture. While various reasons exist for absenteeism and presenteeism in the workplace, often, the growing number of chronic diseases imposes a new concern to many workplaces in the US due to financial loss associated with it. According to the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention², companies in the US lose nearly \$225.8 billion a year due to absenteeism, and the entire financial loss can easily be tripled when the cost of presenteeism is added according to a UK study³.

mental wellbeing at work have movement that emphasizes the importance of supporting employee health and wellbeing through the physical design of the workplaces. This is coupled with the national trend of governmental and public sectors' effort to tackle the increasing chronic diseases due to lack of physical inactivity in the US. With the new cultural meme "sitting is the new smoking^{4,5}," various organizations are leading the trend of wellbeing, such as Michelle Obama's Get Moving Campaign and Clinton Global Initiative's Commitment to Action for the development of health and wellness protocols of workplaces and products. Furthermore, various studies have attested how physical health is tied to cognitive functions, and how beneficial physical movement is in the workplace to facilitating camaraderiebuilding, exchanging ideas, and conducting collaboration⁶. With more empirical data available on the benefits of improved physical and mental wellbeing of workers, companies have started looking into more holistic perspectives on investing in workplace wellbeing and its worthy return on investment. American corporates are currently learning that

As many concerns on physical and mental wellbeing at work have surfaced, there has been a rising movement that emphasizes the importance of supporting employee health and wellbeing through the physical design of the workplaces. This is coupled with the national trend of governmental and public sectors' effort to tackle the increasing chronic diseases due to lack of physical means healthier and happier workers mean more engaging organizational culture, less absenteeism and presenteeism, reduced healthcare premium costs, higher productivity, and overall more financial gains. Of course, the extended benefits also include better company images to society, improved safety and reduced injuries, and favorable places for more talented people to work for.

Integrating Workplace Wellbeing into Workplace Design and Management

Given the connection between workplace wellbeing and all the financial and organizational benefits listed above, the investment on workplace wellbeing seems simply a good business strategy. However, the industry has seen a stagnant performance of worksite wellness programs and their limited focus on physical health. It has also seen rising need of more holistic approaches to supporting workplace wellbeing through workplace design and management by changing the physical environment. Then, what features should companies implement and where do they find measures and assessment tools to support workplace wellbeing through workplace design

Benefits of Workplace Wellbeing Higher Improved productivity Reduced healthcare costs Reduced absenteeism Healthy Reduced presenteeism / Stronger engagement & morale Higher retention Reduced overtime to Workplace cover absent employees Enhanced external images Enhanced Improved personal health lealth & Safety Improved personal safety

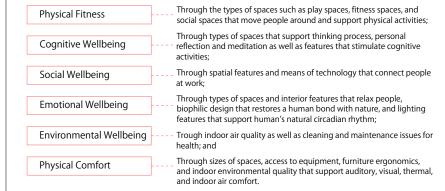
and management? The Comparative Assessment and Performance Tool for Innovative Workplace (CAPTIW®) is a great place to start. CAPTIW[©] was developed as a joint effort in the US to provide an open source framework and analytic platform in order to improve workplace performance by addressing employee wellbeing. It was sponsored by the American Society of Interior Designers, and established by the Innovative Workplace Institute (IWI) with over 40 industry and academic partners. CAPTIW[©] is one of the most comprehensive analytic tools that offer a new alternative workplace performance metric encompassing wellbeing to promote humane and sustainable workplaces.

CAPTIW[©] employs Six Dimensions of comprehensive wellbeing indicators in the formula of measuring workplace performance. These wellbeing indicators have shown links to worker productivity in the literature, and are meant to provide a guidance to evidence-based workplace design and management. The elements of Six Dimensions of Wellbeing address not only physical activity, fitness, and mental wellbeing at work but also general physical health and comfort issues that are critical to the foundation of healthy conditions of employees to be productive. The Six Dimensions of Wellbeing in CAPTIW[©] comprise Physical Fitness, Cognitive Wellbeing, Wellbeing, Social Emotional Wellbeing, Environmental Wellbeing, and Physical Comfort. Each dimension supports either the physical side of health and comfort factors or the mind side of cognitive and psychological factors.

Essentially, the Six Dimensions of Wellbeing in CAPTIW® can be operationalized by addressing the

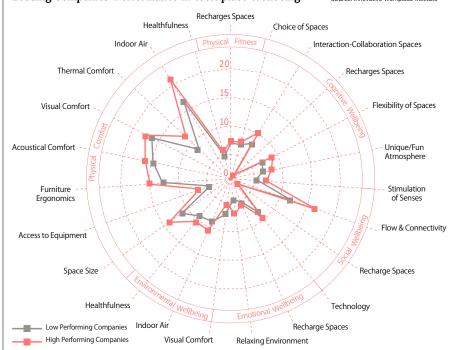
CAPTIW[®] Six Dimensions of Workplace Wellbeing

Source: Innovative Workplace Institute



Leading Companies' Performance in Workplace Wellbeing

ource: Innovative Workplace Institut



Superior Support for Cognitive Wellbeing, Social Wellbeing, and Physical Comfort in Leading Companies

elements of seven key performance areas of the physical workplace design and management for creative and innovative workplaces⁷. These seven key performance areas include Space Type, Space Layout, Space Size and Access, Neural and Psychological Stimulation and Relaxation, Ergonomics and Technology, Ambient Conditions, and Healthfulness.

Leading Companies Wellbeing Focus in the Workplace Design and Their Opportunities for the Future

When it comes to workplace wellbeing, the US leading companies exhibit a distinct pattern compared to less-performing companies. Among the Six Dimensions of Workplace Wellbeing of CAPTIW®, they provide workplaces that

WORK MILL ISSUE 00

POINT OF VIEW III THE PRESENT STATE THE U.S. ORIGINAL ARTICLE IN ENGLISH

employees' Cognitive Wellbeing, Social Wellbeing, and Physical Comfort far more superior than less-performing companies. For employee Cognitive Wellbeing, they especially focus on integrating various levels of collaborative spaces and informal meeting spaces for easy and efficient cognitive process and interaction; achieving flexible spatial layouts to accommodate various sizes and activities of teams; and creating a cognitively stimulating ambiance through arts, fun elements, and sensory stimulating features. The leading companies also foster employee Social Wellbeing by exercising carefully choreographed spatial layouts and incorporating high-tech communication tools to connect them together. They provide workspaces that are visually connected; place people who are core interaction networks within a department along the core circulation paths of the spaces for easy access from other people; connect core circulation paths to the places where people frequently meet and gather informally; and integrate less hierarchical atmosphere to empower employees' active engagement and ownership. Lastly, leading companies pay special attention to the comfort of the working environment significantly more than less-performing companies. To enhance the Physical Comfort of employees, they provide furniture with an extensive level of ergonomic features and involve employees in the selection and evaluation of furniture; enhance acoustic performance of spaces for acoustic comfort, especially, in open offices; and provide user controls to adjust lighting and temperature levels most comfortable to them.

Workplace wellbeing is the key driver | are a must in workplace wellbeing in culture and ultimate financial returns | take a nap. from workplace wellbeing. Then, where do other companies start to get the most out of the limited investment three priorities: Choice to interact and everywhere in the company. themselves. Places people interact and socialize are essential to camaraderie- and trustbuilding and forming a sense of community. Third, implement recharge spaces. Contemporary workers are frequently cognitively overloaded. They receive a thousand times more information every second than the conscious brain can possibly process⁸. This causes constant mental fatigue and burnouts. Recharge spaces

in the new economy. It is evident that \mid the contemporary workplaces, whether leading companies understand the those spaces are to contemplate, augmentation of organizational | meditate, rest, play, hangout or simply

The last piece of advice is that companies need to understand the basic needs for human beings to be Well: available for workplace wellbeing? biophilia and circadian rhythms, when According to the CAPTIW[®] in- implementing spaces for workplace depth analyses, we recommend wellbeing. Humans have a biophilic of desire which seeks an intrinsic bond with Workspaces, Collaboration Spaces, nature. They also have a biological clock and Recharge Spaces. First, provide in the brain that regulates physical, various spaces for different types of | mental, and behavioral patterns based work modes and workstyles. People on the 24-hour circle. Numerous studies have different personal traits and have shown workers' experiences with prefer different types of work settings | attention restoration, stress reduction, for specific tasks they deal with. Some | enhanced cognitive focus and stamina, people may work fine in a noisy and improved social capacity when open workspace but others may nature is present. New data also suggest need a "cave" to concentrate | financial benefits of connection to nature from any distractions. It in the workplace due to improved is important to offer different spaces | productivity and health through better necessary for different types of work | focus and concentration capability and and workstyles. Second, provide better mental capability to cope with and mental fatigue and stress⁹. Workplaces collaborate anywhere and everywhere. | that accommodate the features for Interaction and collaboration do not human beings to be well will have a occur only in several designated competitive advantage in workplace spaces. Companies need to nurture wellbeing, and those who provide the culture of interaction and workplace wellbeing will bring the collaboration happening anywhere power of the new economy to

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WORK MILL ISSUE 00 WORK MILL ISSUE 00